# Information and Guide for Researchers at MSU

Sona System

msu-psychology.sona-systems.com

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#### Introduction

The Experiment Management System is used for the scheduling and management of research participants and the studies they participate in. Participants, researchers, principal investigators, and instructors all use the system for their respective purposes. As a researcher, you can set up your studies in the system, schedule the sessions (timeslots) when participants may participate, and grant or revoke credit after the session. All of this is handled through a simple web-based interface that you can access at any time, from any popular web browser.

### System Basics

In the system, you create <u>studies</u>. Each study may have a number of <u>timeslots</u>, which are the times when you plan to run the study. <u>Participants sign up</u> for the timeslots by viewing a list of studies and available timeslots. You grant or revoke credit to participants after the session occurs.

## **Getting Started**

The system works best if you use any popular web browser that is less than 2 years old, like Internet Explorer, Firefox, Chrome, and Safari. It will work with other web browsers, and with older versions of popular web browsers, however the layout may not be as clean. No functionality will be lost by using an older web browser.

Ask your system administrator if you need help with installing or using a web browser. This documentation assumes you have a basic knowledge of how to use the web. On this system, it is not necessary to use the Back button. You can always use the toolbar on the top to navigate to anywhere on the site.

### Logging In

Your administrator will provide you with a username and password to login to the site, as well as the URL (web address). When you go to the front page of the site (the login page), you may see a link to request an account. This form is *only* for participants. Do not use this form to request an account, as participant accounts have an entirely different set of privileges, and the privileges are not appropriate for a researcher.

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MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY Depar	tment of Psychology The HPR System
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Email questions to <u>HPRS</u> Copyright © 1997-2015 <u>S</u>	
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#### Figure 1 - Login Page

Once you log in, you may be asked to review and acknowledge your organization's human subject policy. If required by the administrator, you will need to acknowledge this once every 6 months. You will see the Main Menu after you acknowledge the policy.

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MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY	De	partment of Psychology The HPR System	
A My Studies All Studies Add New Study Prescreen Results	i		My Profile Logout 🖨
			Kimberly Fenn (Researche
My Studies		Upcoming Appointments	
View and edit your studies		🛱 No Upcoming Appointments	
✿ View, add or edit timeslots		Studies with Recent Activity	
★ View uncredited timeslots	0	Fun Study that you want to do!	August 10, 2015
All Studies		Test Study XX	July 24, 2015
View all studies available to participants			
Add New Study			
+ Create a new study			
Prescreen Results			
Analyze participant prescreen results			
My Profile			
Change password			
A Modify contact information			
Provide an alternate email address			

#### Figure 2 - Main Menu

Your login (also known as a session) will expire after a certain period of inactivity, usually 20 minutes, and you will be warned a few minutes before this expiration. This is done for security purposes. If this happens, you can always log in again. When you are done using the system, it is better to explicitly log out, to prevent any problems that may arise if someone uses your computer before the session expires.

#### **Retrieving a Lost Password**

If you have forgotten or do not have your password, then you may choose to reset your password. You will see an option on the front login page. By choosing this option, a link to reset your password will be emailed to you shortly after you make the request. This link is valid for 24 hours, and if you click on it, a new password will be generated and emailed to you. If you provided an alternate email address (see the Email Address Options section of this documentation), it will be sent there. Otherwise, it will be sent to your main email address, which is derived from your user ID. If you requested a password reset

and no email from the system has arrived after 30 minutes, then check in your email program's junk mail folder in case the email was delivered there. Typically, the email is sent within a few seconds of the request, but sometimes there can be a delay on behalf of some recipient email servers.

## Logging Out

When you are done using the system, choose Logout from the top toolbar to log out. You are now logged out. It is always a good security practice to close all your web browser windows as well, especially if you are using a computer that is shared by others.

## Changing Your Password and Other Information

If you would like to change your password or other information about yourself, choose My Profile from the top toolbar. If you would like to change your password, type your new password (twice, for confirmation) in the provided boxes. If you would *not* like to change your password, simply leave these boxes empty.

If you change your password, please be sure to select a password you do not use on any other systems or websites, which is a good computing practice.

It is recommended you provide your phone number and office location, as this information will be made available to research participants who sign up for your studies. If you are a researcher, this contact information will be displayed to participants when they view information about the study.

Researchers may also choose to receive a daily reminder (by email) with information about all of their study sessions scheduled for the following day.

### **Email Address Options**

There are certain events in the system, which will cause an email notification to be sent to you. Most often, these are notifications that a participant has signed up or cancelled their sign-up for your studies, but there are a few other cases where it may be used as well. The email address is also displayed to the participant when they view information about the study, in case they need to contact you with questions.

You have two choices for your email address. When you update your personal information, you will see a box where you may provide an alternate email address. If you provide such an address (this could be a Gmail account, for instance), this is the address where any notifications will be sent, and this is also the address that will be displayed to other users (including participants in your studies).

If you do not supply an alternate email address, the system will derive your email address from your username. It will add MSU's Internet domain to the end of your user ID to form the address, so if your user ID is "jsmith" then it would derive your email address as "jsmith@msu.edu".

MICHIGAN UNIVER		epartment of Psychology The HPR System	
A My Studies All S	Studies Add New Study Prescreen Results		My Profile L
My Profile		Studies	Kimberly Fenn
Wytronie	You may use this page to change your password and update other information about yourself. All fields are required unless marked otherwise.	Fun Study that you want to do! Timeslot Limit Usage (hours): 0 used, 0 scheduled = 0 total	
Name	Kimberly Fenn	Test Study XX Timeslot Limit Usage (hours): 0 used, 0 scheduled = 0 total	
User ID	kfenn @msu.edu		
Alternate Email Address Optional. If provided,			
all emails sent to you from the system will be sent to this address.	(please enter twice for verification purposes)		
Change Password	Enter your current password, then your new password twice, to change your password. Otherwise, leave blank.		
	Current Password		
	New Password		
	New Password (confirm)		
University ID Number (optional)			
Phone Number (optional)			
Office (optional)			
Study Time Usage Limit	Hours Used: 0 Hours Scheduled: 0 Hours Total: 0 Usage Limit (hours): 0 Available Time (hours): 0		
Daily Reminder Should the system send a reminder of your upcoming studies the day before?	<ul><li>⊚ Yes</li><li>● No</li></ul>		

Figure 3 - Updating Your Profile

## **Working with Studies**

Most of your time on the system will be spent, not surprisingly, using the study-related features of the system. Be sure to read this section closely, in its entirety, as there are special features and situations you should be aware of.

#### Web-Based (Online) Studies

You may set up studies that are web-based (online), and these studies may be set up internally in the system (online survey study) or outside the system (online external study). The options will vary depending on how your system is configured.

There are a few things to note about web-based studies:

- Once you indicate to the system that the study is web-based, you will not be able to change it so that it is no longer web-based (but you can deactivate or delete the study). So, make this choice carefully
- Web-based studies are typically set up so there is one timeslot, and that timeslot contains the maximum number of participants you would like to participate, and the *last* date and time when they can participate (often, this is the end of the term). It is not recommended that you set up multiple timeslots for a web-based studies (it confuses participants), though the system will support it. It is acceptable to have multiple timeslots where more than one is not active at a time. For example, one could have had a deadline date of the end of the previous semester (and thus is currently in the past), while the current timeslot has a deadline date of the end of the end of the end of the current semester (i.e., in the future).
- It is generally assumed that participants will participate in an online study shortly after they sign up. Because of this, the system will expect you to grant credit to them soon after they sign up. If you are creating an online survey within the system, credit will be granted automatically, immediately after the participant completes the survey.
- In the case of an external web study, if you are using a survey product like Qualtrics, then you may be able to set up credit granting so it occurs automatically as soon as the participant completes the study. See External Study Credit Granting for more information.

Throughout the sign-up process, participants are notified that the study is online.

If the study is not administered by the system (online external study), then participants are not given the URL for the study website until they have signed up, to ensure they complete a sign-up in the system for the study. They can see the URL after sign-up, and while the timeslot they signed up for is still in the future. Once the timeslot they have signed up for is in the past, they no longer have access to the study URL. There is also an option when setting up the study so that the URL will no longer be available as soon as the participant is marked as having participated in the study (regardless of the timeslot date). This restriction regarding viewing the study URL applies only to participants, and only to web-based studies administered outside the system. Online external studies are discussed in more detail in the section Online External Studies, later in this document. Online survey studies (surveys administered by the system) are discussed in great detail in the accompanying document, SONA-researcher-Online.pdf.

### Studies for Pay

In cases where participants are compensated for their participation in the study, you may set it up as a paid study and specify the compensation amount. The payment field is text, so you do not need to type in an exact amount, but can type in anything like "Amazon Gift Card" or even indicate a variable payment based on performance.

If participants are compensated *and* they receive credit, you should set it up as a credit study and indicate additional compensation in the study's information section.

Regardless of the type of study, after a participant participates in a study (including studies that are for pay only), you should still go into the system and indicate their participation by noting their participation or no-show when viewing their sign-up This allows the system to properly enforce certain restrictions on the participant and their studies, like pre-requisite and disqualifier study restrictions. It also ensures a proper record is kept in the system of their participation.

### Two-Part Studies

You may create a two-part lab study in the system. Often, these are studies involving memory research, where the participant must return a specified number of days after the first session. When creating a study, you may specify the day range for the second part of the study (e.g. 7 to 10 days after the first part). Participants are required to sign up for both sessions at the same time, to reduce the chance they will forget to sign up for the second part. Each part of a two-part study may have a different credit value and duration, but each part must be the same type – either both parts are for credit or both parts are for compensation. Online studies may not be two-part studies because there is no concept of making an appointment to take an online study at a specific date and time. If one part of the study is an online study, simply create two separate studies (one for each part) and set the first study as a pre-requisite for the second study.

With two-part studies, you may specify that the second part of the study must be scheduled to take place at exactly the same time as the first part (on a different date), or at any time on the dates that are the specified number of days after the first part.

You should ensure there are enough available timeslots for both parts of the study, or participants will be prevented from signing up for either part. Participants may cancel either part of their sign-up if necessary. If they cancel the first part, the second part is automatically cancelled as well. If they cancel only the second part and the first part has already occurred, and they would like to participate in the second part later, you will need to manually sign them up for the second part or ask the administrator to handle this.

If you grant a no-show for the first part of a two-part study, the second part of that participant's signup will *not* be cancelled automatically, but you will be reminded of the situation in case you would like to cancel the second part. The cancellation is not automatic as there are some situations where automatic cancellation is not desirable.

#### **Two-Part Study Configuration Scenarios**

Listed below are some common scenarios, and how to configure them in the system:

Scenario	Configuration
Second part to take place a week later, at any time during that day.	Scheduling Range: 7 and 7 Scheduling Leniency: No
Second part to take place three days later, at exactly same the same time as part 1.	Scheduling Range: 3 and 3 Scheduling Leniency: Yes
Second part to take place one to two weeks later, at any time during the day.	Scheduling Range: 7 and 14 Scheduling Leniency: No
Second part to take place later on the same day as the first part.	Scheduling Range: 0 and 0 Scheduling Leniency: No

The system will enforce the configuration for the second part in terms of ensuring participants only sign up for timeslots that meet the two-part study restrictions. As the researcher, you also have additional control as you decide which timeslots to create for each part of the study. You should be careful to ensure that there are sufficient timeslots for each part. For example, if the study is set up so part 2 must occur exactly one day after part 1, and you have set up part 1 timeslots on Monday, then ensure you have some part 2 timeslots set up on Tuesday or participants will have trouble signing up for the Monday part 1 timeslots because there is no corresponding part 2 timeslot to sign up for.

### Adding a Study

Some researchers choose to set up their studies in the system before they have received the proper approvals (usually from their IRB) to run the study. This is supported in the system. You can set up a study but specify that is it not visible to participants (this is the Approved setting). That way, as soon as your approval is received, you can simply make the study visible and everything else is already prepared. The system is configured in such a manner that only the administrator can approve the study, in which case you will need to contact the administrator to do so.

https://msu-psychology.sona-systems.c	com/exp_change_info.aspx?dbaction=A&p_study_type=1&p_cor	npensation_type=C
		inimite a
A My Studies All Studies Add New Stud	iy Prescreen Results	My Profile Logout 🕪
		Kimberly Fenn (Researcher)
Study Information		
Please enter information below about the study. The the administrator may approve a new study so that it	study name may not be the same as any other studies, to avoid confusion. is visible to participants.	All fields are required unless otherwise marked. Only
All studies must have a IRB approval code and expira	tion date specified. No timeslots may be posted after the expiration date. (	Only the administrator may change the expiration date.
If you are creating a simple study, you only need to co available in the other sections of the form.	omplete the Basic Study Information section. More advanced options, inclu	iding pre-requisites and email notification options are
Basic Study Information		
Study Name		
Brief Abstract		
Detailed Description	1	
		ii a
Eligibility Requirements	None	
Eligibility Requirements Duration	None Minutes	

Figure 4 - Adding a New Study

To add a study, choose the Add New Study option from the top toolbar. You will need to pick from four possible types of studies, and may need to specify if the study is for credit or payment. Please choose these options carefully as you are not able to change them later.

After you choose the study type, you'll see a form asking for more information. You will need to fill out a number of fields, which are explained in the following table. Some of the fields listed below may not appear, depending on how your system is configured and the type of study you selected. All fields in the Basic Study Information section must be filled out unless otherwise noted.

Basic Study Information		
Field	Explanation	
Study Name	A short name for the study. This is how the study is	

	identified throughout the system. Most systems are configured so studies show in a random order to participants (choose Your Studies on the toolbar and it will state at the bottom of the resulting page if they are displayed in random order), so there is no advantage in choosing a study name that might put it at the top of an alphabetical list. You should consult with your administrator if there is a naming convention to be followed when naming studies. Study names must be unique, and you will be prevented from adding a study if there is already another study in the system with the same name. A study name may be up to 100 characters in length.
Brief Abstract	This is a short one or two line description of the study. This short description will be displayed to participants when they view the entire list of studies, so you may want to list the most pertinent details here. Studies configured for payment often have the compensation information included here, particular if the payment varies based certain outcomes. This field may be optional, and can be up to 255 characters in length.
Detailed Description	This can be a rather lengthy description about the study, and it will show if a participants clicks on the study to get more information, before they sign up. You may include basic HTML in this area, but please be sure you know what you are doing (ask your IT department for help if you are unsure). If you would like to add a carriage-return (paragraph break), simply type in "" (without the quotes).This field may be optional. The maximum length of this field is 15,000 characters.
Eligibility Requirements	If there are any restrictions on who may participate (for instance, only those who are left-handed), list them here. Otherwise, leave the field as-is. If you list any restrictions, these will be displayed on the list of studies, when participants view a list of all available studies. Note the system does <i>not</i> enforce these restrictions, but it is expected a participant will only sign up for a study in which

	they are qualified, since they would otherwise fail to receive credit. In most cases, you will leave this field as-is and set prescreen participation restrictions instead (those are enforced automatically), which you can do after you add the study. This field may be up to 245 characters in length.
Duration	The amount of time, in minutes, that each study session will take. If you are setting up a 2-part study, then this setting applies to the first part of the study. For online studies, this should be an estimate of how long participants can expect the study to take, so that they can plan accordingly.
Credits (applies to credit studies only)	Enter the number of credits a participant will earn for the study. A value of 0 is acceptable, and may be desired in cases where the study is part of a set of studies, where only the final study is credit- earning. The credit value specified must be evenly divisible by the 0.25, then the study can have credit values like 1, 1.5 and 1.75, but not 0.65.
	If you are setting up a 2-part study, this is the value for the first part of the study.
	After a study has sign-ups, you may not change the credit value of the study. However, the administrator can still change the credit value of a study with pending sign-ups. If this is done, be sure to notify participants with pending sign-ups of the change, as the system will not notify them automatically.
	A study may not be changed between a study for credit and for payment, after it has been created.
Payment (applies to paid studies only)	Enter the compensation for the study. This is a text field, so any text may be entered like "Amazon Gift Card" or "Up to \$20" and so on. Please see the Studies for Pay section of this documentation for more information on how to fill out this field in the case of paid studies.

	If you are setting up a 2-part study, this is the compensation for the first part of the study. You can change the payment text at any time. If this is done, be sure to notify participants with pending sign-ups of the change, as the system will not notify them automatically. The maximum length of this field is 30 characters.
	A study may not be changed between a study for credit and for payment, after it has been created.
Timeslot Usage Limit	Depending on how your system is configured, you may see an item that specifies the maximum number of study session hours available to this study. This value is set by the administrator, and only the administrator can adjust it. To determine the current session usage for a study, go to the Add A Timeslot page for the study, or to Timeslot Usage Summary.
Preparation	Enter any advanced preparation a participant must do here (e.g. "do not eat 2 hours before session"). If there are no preparation requirements, leave this field as-is.
Researcher(s)	Select the researcher for this study. Most likely, this is you, and your name will automatically be selected. If you are a researcher, then you may not remove yourself as the researcher. You may not specify multiple researchers for a study. The selection box lists only users who are researchers.
IRB Approval Code	Enter the IRB approval code here. This field is displayed to the administrator to help them keep track of studies. This field is required and only the administrator can change the IRB approval code, once it has been entered.

IRB Approval Expiration Date	The date when IRB approval expires. You must provide a valid expiration date. The system will prevent you from adding new timeslots to take place after this date, and your study will become inactive (not approved and thus not visible to participants) after this date. You may not make a study active if the IRB approval has expired. Only the administrator can change the IRB approval expiration date, once it has been entered, which is why it defaults to blank to force you to choose a date. You may specify a date up to 5 years in the future.
Approved?	Select Yes if this study should show up on the list of studies which participants may sign up for. Ensure you have received the necessary approvals to run the study before choosing Yes. A study must be Approved and Active to show up on the list of studies which participants may sign up for. If you select No, the study will not be visible to participants.
	Only the administrator can approve a study. You should contact the administrator when you are ready to make the study visible to participants – and a handy form is provided on the page to do so. As a researcher, you can always make an approved study invisible to participants (by making it not approved), but you may need the administrator to make it visible again. In addition, if you change key items about the study, specifically the name or descriptions, the study will automatically be made invisible to participants, until the administrator reapproves it. The reason for this is that many IRBs approve very specific language for study names and descriptions, so the administrator needs to ensure the study is in proper compliance.
Email Approval Notice? (visible to administrators only)	This Yes/No option will appear if the administrator is adding or updating the study, and it is not already approved. If they select Yes to Email Approval Notice <i>and</i> they approve the study (set

	Approved to Yes) at the same time, then an email will be sent to the researcher for the study, to notify them that their study was just approved.
Active Study?	Select Yes if this study is in progress. You must select Yes and the study must be Approved if you want the study to show up to participants so they can sign up for it.
	If a study is Not Approved but <i>is</i> Active, then it does not show up (to participants) on the listing of studies, but it is accessible through other links if the participant has participated in it before and they are viewing their participation history (in case the participant has follow-up questions about the study). It will also show up on the study information page (for an individual study) when it is listed as a pre-requisite or disqualifier for a study.
	The reason to select No is if the study is being kept for historical purposes, but should not show up to participants on the list of studies they may sign up for. Often, this is done so the system can enforce pre-requisites, where the inactive study is a pre- requisite for an active study.
Advanced Settings	
Field	Explanation
Pre-Requisites	If there are studies a participant must participate in before participating in your study, choose them here. You may select multiple studies if you like.
	You may specify that participants must have participated in <i>all</i> of the studies you specify, or <i>at least one</i> of the studies specified.
	The system will handle enforcement of the pre- requisites in a strict or lenient fashion depending on how your system is configured. In strict enforcement mode, the participant must have

	<ul> <li>received credit for (participated in) the pre- requisite studies. In lenient enforcement mode, the participant must only be scheduled to participate in the pre-requisite studies (it is assumed they will go on to complete the pre-requisite studies).</li> <li>The system is currently configured in lenient enforcement mode. This means that if a participant cancels a necessary pre-requisite for you study (they are warned of this situation), and you have configured your study so that the researcher will receive notifications of cancellations or sign-ups, then the researcher will receive notification of the pre-requisite problem and can contact the participant if necessary.</li> <li>The system is currently configured in such a way that participants may see which studies you have specified as pre-requisites when they go to view your study.</li> </ul>
Disqualifiers	If there are any studies a participant must <i>not</i> have participated in, please select them here. You may select multiple studies if you like. The system will handle enforcements of the restriction, during the sign-up process. If a participant has signed up for or participated in at least one of the studies specified as a disqualifier, then they will not be eligible to sign up for your study. The system is currently configured such that participants may see which studies you have specified as disqualifiers when they go to view your study.
Course Restrictions	If you would only like participants enrolled in certain courses to participate in your study, select the eligible courses here. Participants who are not in at least one of the courses you selected will not see the study when they go to view the list of available studies. You may choose No Restrictions if you would like to make the study available to participants in any course.

	There is a limit to how many courses can be listed as course restrictions for a study, and the limit is somewhere between 60 and 80 courses. The limit is variable depending on a few factors, and the system will simply not save the course restrictions for any courses which would take it over the limit.
	Note that course restrictions do not function as a disqualifier but rather a qualifier. For example, if a participant is in both Course A and Course B, and the study is restricted to only those in Course A, the participant is eligible because they are in Course A, despite the fact Course B is not listed as a course restriction. In addition, using the same example above, the participant may assign the credit from the study to any of their courses, including those courses not listed in the course restriction (Course B in this example). Course Restrictions function solely to qualify participants for a study, and not to restrict their ability to assign credits to courses.
Invitation Code	If you would like to have a special sign-up password for this study, enter it here. This is known as an invitation code, and applies just for this study. Participants must know the invitation code to sign up for this study. This is often used in cases where the researcher wants to personally select participants, so the researcher only provides the invitation code to the desired participants. Invitation codes are <i>not</i> case sensitive, and are in no way connected to any passwords users use to log in to the system.
	If you do not need an invitation code, leave this field blank.
Is this a web-based study?	This will list if the study is an online study, and the type of online study. This setting cannot be changed after a study is added.
Study URL	The URL (web address, usually starting with

	https://) for your study. This is only required for web-based studies administered outside the system.
	If you are setting up a web-based study outside the system, and would like the system to pass a unique identifier in the URL so you may easily identify participants and even have the system grant credit automatically, add the text <code>%SURVEY_CODE%</code> in the URL where you would like the identifier to be placed. This feature is most commonly used with online survey products like Qualtrics, SurveyMonkey, LimeSurvey, SurveyGizmo, and similar products. This is discussed in further detail in the Web-Based (Online) Studies section of this documentation.
Study URL Display (external web studies only)	If set to Yes, then participants may still access the Study URL even after they have been marked as having participated in the study. If set to No, the URL will not be available to them.
	In all cases for external web studies, the URL will not be displayed until they have signed up for the study. In addition, regardless of this setting, the URL will not be displayed after the timeslot is in the past.
Participant Sign-Up Deadline	Enter the deadline before the study is to occur that the participant may sign up, in whole hours.
Should the Researcher receive an email notification when a participant signs up or cancels?	If set to Yes, the researcher for this study will receive an email notification whenever a participant signs up, or cancels their sign-up, for this study. The email notification will be sent to an email address based on the information the researcher has provided. See the Email Address Options section of this documentation for more information on how the email address is determined. Emails will contain the first 50 characters of the study name as part of the subject line, to make it easy to sort the emails with an email program that supports filtering based on

	subject line.
	If set to Yes, researchers will also receive a notification if the system is in lenient pre-requisite enforcement mode and a participant cancels a study that was a pre-requisite for the current study. Read the section on Pre-Requisites in this table for more information about this situation.
Automatic Credit Granting	If set to Yes, timeslots that are more than a specified number of hours old and still in the Awaiting Action state will be changed to a credit grant. The check for timeslots in this situation is made only once per day. If an automatic credit grant is done, you may still change it later if necessary.
	For online external web studies, the credit grant will take place the specified number of hours after the timeslot (participation deadline) has occurred (as opposed to being based on when the participant signed up), so this feature is generally not useful in this situation. This option will not appear for online survey studies (within the system) because credit granting generally occurs automatically, immediately after the participant completes the survey.
Can a participant sign up for this study more than once?	If you would like to allow participant to sign up (and receive credit) for your study more than once (at different times), choose Yes. Otherwise, choose No.
	If No is chosen, participants may only sign up for the study more than once if they previously failed to show up for the study (a no-show).
Shared Comments	This is an optional area where you may enter any comments or notes about the study, which are visible to any researchers and PIs in the system, but not to participants. This field is useful if you want

	to make the technique used in the study visible to other researchers, so they can set your study as a disqualifier if necessary. The maximum length of this field is 1,000 characters.
Private Comments	This is an optional area where you may enter any comments or notes about the study, which are only visible to the researchers (and PI) for this study, and not to participants, nor to other researchers or PIs in the system. The maximum length of this field is 3,000 characters.
Research Alternative?	If set to Yes, then this study is considered a research alternative study. Some participants, for various reasons (typically for accruing too many unexcused no-shows, or being unable to consent to participate in studies), may be restricted such that they can only sign up for research alternative studies. Only an administrator may change this value (the default is No).

**Two-part Study Settings** (only applies if you select Two-Part Standard Study on the Select Study Type page)

Field	Explanation
Is this a 2-part study?	Always set to Yes if you selected select Two-Part Standard Study on the Select Study Type page. Will not appear if you select another study type.
Credits, Part 2 (credit studies only)	Enter the number of credits for part 2 of the study, if this is a two-part study. A value of 0 is acceptable. The credit value specified must be evenly divisible by the credit increment specified. For example, if the increment is 0.5, then the study can have credit values like 1 and 1.5, but not 0.75.
Payment, Part 2 (paid studies only)	Enter the amount of compensation for part 2 of the study, if this is a two-part study.
Total Payment (paid studies only)	Enter the amount of total compensation for the study, typically the sum of the payment values for

	each part. The system cannot compute this automatically since it is possible to enter non- numeric values (e.g., "Amazon Gift Card") in the other payment fields.
Part 2 Duration	The amount of time, in minutes, that part 2 of the study will take.
Part 2 Scheduling Range	Specify the number of days (as a range) after part 1 is scheduled, that part 2 should be scheduled. This setting only applies to two-part studies. The range may be the same value (e.g. "between 7 and 7 days") if desired, but must be a whole number. See "Two-Part Studies" for more information.
Part 2 Scheduling Leniency	In some cases, you may want to ensure that the participant schedules the second part of the study to take place at exactly the same time (on a different date) as the first part. If so, choose Yes for this option. If there is some flexibility so they can sign up for any time within the Part 2 Scheduling range, choose No for this option.

Once you have filled out the appropriate information, save it and the system will be updated immediately with the information. If you would like to add participation restrictions based on prescreen responses, you can do so when you update the study (see Prescreen Participation Restrictions). Otherwise, your next step is likely to add timeslots (sessions). See the Working with Timeslots section of this documentation for more information.

If you need to update this study, see the Updating a Study section of this documentation.

### Updating a Study

You may update any of your studies at any time. To do so, choose My Studies from the top toolbar, and you will see a list of your studies. Click on the desired study, and choose the Change Study Information link.

You will see a form remarkably similar to the one you used to add the study. A few options may no longer be changeable depending on the status of the study (e.g., if participants have already signed up for it). The fields shown are all the same as when you added the study. See the Adding a Study section of this documentation for an explanation of those fields.

The changes you make will be will be take effect immediately after they are saved. When changes are made, if administrator re-approval is required before a study is made visible to participants, then you

should contact the administrator to request re-approval once you have made all your changes. Changing the following fields may require a re-approval: study name, brief abstract, detailed description, eligibility requirements (the text field, not specific restrictions like prescreen restrictions, study pre-requisites/disqualifiers, or course restrictions), duration, preparation, credit value (for credit studies only). There will be a notice on the Change Study Information to warn if re-approval may be required, and they system will also notify you, after making changes, if the study is now in need of reapproval. If re-approval is required and you are ready to request such approval, you may use the option to send such a request via the system – it's the same function you would have used to request initial study approval.

If you need to change the credit value for a study, and there is no option to do so, this means the study already has at least one participant signed up for it. You cannot change the credit value when a study is in this situation because there is no easy way to handle past credits for the same study (e.g. should old credit grants for the same study be adjusted to reflect the new credit value, or kept the same?). If the study is nearing the end of its run, and variable credit granting is enabled, then the easiest solution is to grant the new credit value to participants who sign up in the future. If you prefer that the credit value is changed for the entire study, contact the administrator, who can make the change for you. Note that if the study's credit value is changed while there are pending sign-ups, those participants are *not* notified of this change, so you will need to notify those participants of the change in credit value if necessary.

#### **Deleting a Study**

You may delete a study only if there are no pending sign-ups (awaiting action) nor active (non-zero) credits linked to it. If you need to delete a study which already has pending sign-ups or active credit grants, your better option may be to make it Inactive instead, if you do not want it to be visible to participants.

If you want to delete a study that has sign-ups and are unable to do so, please contact the administrator. The administrator can delete a study with sign-ups, but only if the sign-ups are all without credit values (this usually occurs when study participation history from a previous semester was retained, but credits were zeroed out). If the study has sign-ups where the sign-ups have (non-zero) credit values linked to them, then the administrator cannot delete the study until all those credit grants are changed to a 0 value (or the participants for the sign-ups are deleted). The reason for this restriction is to ensure that the credit count for participants where they have earned credits is accurate, which means that the studies which contributed to their credit earnings must be kept intact.



Figure 5- Deleting a Study

To delete a study, choose My Studies from top toolbar, click on the desired study, then choose the Delete Study option. You will see a confirmation page. Choose Yes (at the bottom of the page) to delete the study.

Once a study is deleted, it cannot be restored, so use this feature very carefully. If you delete an online survey study, the survey and all data collected will also be deleted.

#### Timeslot Usage Summary

The timeslot usage summary is available when viewing your study. This gives some basic information about timeslot utilization in the past and in the future, as well as some basic no-show information. It also gives information on timeslots for the study by location (if the study is not an online survey study or external web study), and by researcher (if the study is configured to allow researchers to be assigned to specific timeslots).

For credit studies, the system also provides a summary of how many credits were granted. This summary accurately computes credit usage, taking into account any variable credit grants (if Variable Credit Granting is enabled in System Settings), where some participants may have received credit in a different amount than the study's listed credit value.

If timeslot usage limits are enabled, the system will provide an estimate of how many timeslots can be added. Note that if the study is a two-part study, it will estimate based on allocating all the limit to the first part or the second part (both estimates are provided), however in practice it's more likely a researcher will want to add timeslots to both parts of the study, so this should be taken into account when viewing these estimates, especially if the first part and second part of a study have a different duration.

#### **Bulk Mail Summary**

The system tracks whenever any type of bulk email is sent (by a user) related to the study. This includes inviting qualified participants based on the study's prescreen participation restrictions, or contacting those who have already signed up for the study. This information is kept for 6 months, and it is tracked to ensure that all users follow generally accepted Internet practices for responsible use of email. The administrator also has access to this information.

### Prescreen Participation Restrictions

The system contains an online prescreen that participants must complete. You may place participation restrictions on your study based on prescreen responses. Participants are unaware that such restrictions are placed on the study. These restrictions are never listed to them. If they do not qualify to participate in a study because they do not meet the prescreen participation restrictions, then the study will simply not be listed to them. **This is important to note – participants never know why a study was or was not listed to them, because they are unaware of the prescreen restrictions.** 

You may restrict a study on any question or questions on the prescreen that allowed for a multiplechoice answer where only one choice could be selected. You may also restrict a study based on a computed section sum or average score for a participant, if the prescreen was set up in such a manner. You may restrict to one choice or many choices for any question. If you restrict on multiple questions, it is the same as a logical "AND." For example, if you setup the prescreen restrictions so that participants must have answered "Right" or "Ambidextrous" to a "What is your dominant hand?" question and "English" to "What is your native language?", then they must meet *both* requirements to participate. In other words, only participants who are either right-handed or ambidextrous AND who learned English as their native language are eligible. There is no support for a logical "OR" restriction across multiple questions. The restrictions are inclusive, which means that if you select a choice as a restriction, then participants must have answered at least one of the choices selected for each question that is part of the restriction in order to see and participate in the study, as opposed to exclusive where checking the choice as a restriction would exclude them from participation.

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#### Figure 6 - Prescreen Restrictions Question Selection

To set participation restrictions, view (do not choose edit) your study and choose View/Modify Restrictions. You will see a list of eligible questions which you may use for your restrictions. If the study already has some restrictions, those will be checked, and you will see how many participants currently meet the restrictions. Choose the questions you would like to restrict upon (and keep the existing checked restrictions checked, unless you want to remove that restriction), and click on the Set Restrictions button. On the subsequent page, you can select each value that is acceptable for each question you have chosen. Once you have selected all the acceptable values, save your changes and they will take effect immediately. It is important to note that if you change the restrictions, it will *not* remove the study sign-ups for participants who qualified under the previous set of restrictions, because restrictions are enforced at the time the participant signs up for the study. For this reason, you should probably decide on your restrictions before making the study available to participants.

If you have restriction requirements where you would like to restrict participation to a percentage of the population (for instance, the responses that were chosen by the top 25% of people), but you are not sure which responses meet this requirement, you can use the prescreen response analysis feature to determine the valid responses. See Prescreen Response Analysis for more information. You may also

use Analyzing Prescreen Responses to get an idea of how many participants are potential candidates for participation in your study, based on a specified set of restrictions.

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Figure 7 - Prescreen Response Restrictions

### **Inviting Qualified Participants to a Study**

While viewing the list of prescreen restrictions currently set for a study, and the number of participants who meet those restrictions, you may see the option to Invite Qualified Participants. Using this option, you may craft an email to be sent to all qualified participants. You may choose to exclude those who have already signed up for or participated in any studies you specify, and this disqualifier list will be pre-populated based on any disqualifiers already set for the study. The system will automatically exclude all participants who have participated or are signed up for the current study (no-shows are not excluded though, since they may sign up again). If the study is not a research alternative study, the system will also automatically exclude participants with Limited accounts, as they are ineligible to participate in studies not marked as a research alternative study.

The system will pre-fill the email text with useful information like the name of the study and how many timeslots are currently open. You cannot include attachments in the email, so if you have a document

you would like to include, you should post it on some other website and provide a link to the document in the email you send.

If you have set participation restrictions for the study based on course enrollment, those restrictions will be taken into consideration (i.e. abided by) when determining which participants receive the email.

There is also an option to choose a random percentage from the overall list of matching participants to email. It is important to note that the system does not keep track of which random percentage of the group of matching participants is sent to each time, so that if you send to a random 30% now, and a random 30% an hour later, it could very well be the case that many participants receive the email on both those occasions.

The From (sender) address on the email will be the administrator email address, which is done to prevent the email from being blocked by junk email filters. The "Reply To" address of the email will be that of the user who is actually sending the email, so when a participant chooses to reply to the email, the reply will be sent to that (the reply to) address.

Finally, there is an option to specify a delay in sending the email, based on the number of hours from when the emailing option is used. This is useful if you want to target a certain time of day (e.g., during the evenings) when the email will be sent. The emails are generated at the time you use the emailing facility, but are stored on the server's outgoing email queue until the specified sending time. They cannot be removed from the queue once this emailing facility is used.

In some cases, the administrator may have imposed a limit on how many participants may be emailed. This is often done to prevent abuse of the system, such as cases where researchers invite too large a number of participants and this is not in accordance with generally accepted Internet principles for sending email. If there is such a limit, the system will look at the number of participants the researcher plans to email, and if that number is greater than the limit, it will block the sending entirely, as opposed to sending only enough emails up to the limit. To get around this limitation, the researcher can further restrict who they plan to send to (perhaps choosing a smaller random percentage of users, or more closely defined prescreen participation restrictions), or ask the administrator to send the email for them. The administrator is not subject to such limitations. Regardless, any use of this bulk email facility will be logged, and that information will be kept for approximately 6 months. The administrator can easily pull up a report of how many emails a specific researcher has sent, so it is wise to be careful about not abusing this feature. In addition, Sona Systems reserves the right to temporarily remove the right to login from a researcher if there are verifiable reports of abuse of this feature. Typically before doing so, the administrator will be notified by Sona Systems as it is preferred to have the administrator deal with such problems.

#### **Viewing Your Studies**

To view your studies (and not the studies of others), choose the My Studies option on the top toolbar. The system will list all your studies in alphabetical order by study name, grouped by studies that are active, then inactive studies. You may use the tabs along the top to toggle among viewing all your studies, and only those that are active or inactive.

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Study Information	Approved?	View
Fun Study that you want to do! (1 Credits) you'll do some stuff Timeslot Limit Usage (hours): 0 used, 0 scheduled = 0 total	C Approved	<ul><li>Study Info</li><li>Timeslots</li></ul>
ONLINE test for underage students (1 Credits) (Research Alternative) testing alternate system Timeslot Limit Usage (hours): 0 used, 0 scheduled = 0 total	(C Approved	<ul><li>Study Info</li><li>Timeslots</li></ul>
Participants viewing this page will see restrictions listed with each study, when applicable, except for pre They will also see studies listed in random order. Inactive studies that are approved will not appear on ti their progress or other actions related to that study.	screen and course restrictions, which are a ne list of available studies, but may be view	Iways hidden from participants. ed when participants are checking

#### Figure 8 - Your Studies

#### **Participant Study View**

If you would like to see how your study appears when participants view it, find your study and choose the Participant Study View option. This will show exactly how the study appears to participants, with the exception that when a participant views a study, next to each pre-requisite and disqualifier study (for a study) is listed a status indicator about whether they have met that requirement. In Participant Study View, the pre-requisite and disqualifier studies are listed, but there is no status indicator next to each study in the list.

If for some reason you think your study is not visible to participants, it may be due to various restrictions you have set on the study, like prescreen participation restrictions, such that few (or none) of the participants in the pool qualify. You can ask the administrator to use the Check Study Configuration tool (available to them when they view your study) to provide advice on why your study may or may not be visible to participants. Administrators there also have an option to input a specific participant to see if that participant would qualify for your study.

#### **Viewing Other Studies**

To view all studies that are visible to participants, choose the All Studies option from the top toolbar.

You will see a list first of all Active studies. These studies will show up to participants on the list of available studies. The next group of studies (if there are any) is Inactive studies. These will *not* show up on the list of available studies (to participants), but participants can access information about these individual studies on links from the page with their progress (if they participated in the study) or if another study has the Inactive study listed as a pre-requisite or disqualifier.

## Working with Timeslots (Sessions)

Timeslots (also referred to as Sessions) are the available times when a participant may participate in the study. If you are setting up timeslots for a web-based study, please read the section in this documentation on Web-Based (Online) Studies for some special information.

Timeslots allow you to specify a date, time, location, maximum number of participants, and researcher for a session.

### Timeslot Usage Restrictions

If enabled on your system, you may find there is a limit to the amount of time available for scheduling timeslots. This usage is computed by adding up all the past timeslots where credit was granted or is in awaiting action status, and then adding all timeslots in the future, regardless of credit status. You may find that the usage goes down over time, as time progresses and timeslots that were in the future which had no sign-ups are now in the past and no longer count towards usage (empty timeslots). The timeslot usage and limit is listed whenever you add a timeslot, if usage restrictions apply. It may also be listed when you view your profile, depending on how your system is configured.

#### **Timeslots Linked to Specific Researchers**

If your system is configured to allow multiple researchers per study, you will also have an option to link timeslots to a specific researcher. This is done primarily for organization purposes, and has no effect on who can view and modify the study, or any timeslots for that study.

This feature is useful when there are a number of researchers running a study, and researchers are responsible for running specific timeslots. If a timeslot has a specific researcher linked to it, then only that researcher will be listed as the contact point when a participant receives any emails related to their participation in that timeslot. Finally, only the researcher connected to that timeslot receives related notification emails, such as participant cancellation notification, and reminder emails (assuming such emails are enabled).

It is also possible to have some timeslots where a specific researcher is linked to them, and others where all researchers (who are assigned to the study) are responsible for the timeslot. It is not possible to link more than one, but not all of the researchers (for the study), to a specific timeslot. The options are to either link one researcher to the timeslot, or all of them.

If a researcher is removed from a study, then any timeslots that were linked to them for that study will be changed so all researchers (for the study) are now responsible for those timeslots.

To use this feature, the system must be configured to allow multiple researchers per study. Then, the study itself must be configured to allow researchers to be linked to specific timeslots. Finally, the study must have more than one researcher connected to it.

#### **Creating Timeslots**

To add a timeslot for a study, you must first choose the study that you would like to add a timeslot for. To view your studies, choose the My Studies option on the top toolbar. Click on the desired study, and choose the Timeslots choice.

You will see a list of any existing timeslots, and the Add A Timeslot option on the top of the page. Click on Add A Timeslot.

	/ <b>msu-psychology.sona-systems.com</b> /add_slot.aspx?experiment_id=11		
MIC UN	CHIGAN STATE	of Psychology The HPR System	
🕋 My Stud	dies All Studies Add New Study Prescreen Results	My Profi	le Logout 🕞
		Kimber	ly Fenn (Researche
System Messag	ge:		×
Vou may not a	dd a timoslat for this study, as it would avoad the timoslat usage limit		
You may not a	$\overline{\mathrm{d}}\mathrm{d}$ a timeslot for this study, as it would exceed the timeslot usage limit.		
You may not a	$\overline{\mathrm{d}}\mathrm{d}$ a timeslot for this study, as it would exceed the timeslot usage limit.	C Add Mu	ultiple Timeslots
You may not ad	$\overline{\mathrm{d}}\mathrm{d}$ a timeslot for this study, as it would exceed the timeslot usage limit.	Add Ma     Timeslot Usage	ultiple Timeslots
Vou may not ad	a timeslot for this study, as it would exceed the timeslot usage limit.		ultiple Timeslots
You may not ad CC Study Me Add Timeslor Use this page to	dd a timeslot for this study, as it would exceed the timeslot usage limit.	Timeslot Usage	
You may not ad CC Study Me Add Timeslor Use this page to	dd a timeslot for this study, as it would exceed the timeslot usage limit. enu •	Timeslot Usage Already Used Hours	0
Vou may not ad	dd a timeslot for this study, as it would exceed the timeslot usage limit.	Timeslot Usage Already Used Hours Scheduled Hours	0

Figure 9 - Adding a Timeslot (Note that in the above example, no timeslots could be created because the study was granted 0 credits)

The following table lists the information you may enter about a timeslot, along with an explanation. All fields are required.

Field	Explanation
Date	The date for the timeslot.
Start Time	The time for the timeslot. A sample time will be provided. If you want to change the time, please use the same format as the time you see presented. Note in particular how "a.m." and "p.m." are handled (if such a format is enabled on your system).
End Time	The time when the timeslot will end. This is computed automatically based on the duration you entered when you set up the study.
Number of Participants	The number of participants for this timeslot. This number is <i>not</i> visible to participants. They will only see whether the timeslot is full or not. The maximum number is 999.
Location	The physical location where the study will take place, for this timeslot. It will be automatically filled with the location of the previous timeslot, when available, to ease in data entry.
	The location field does not apply for web-based studies.
Researcher	The researcher assigned to this specific timeslot. The list will contain a list of all researchers for the study. Choose ALL if all researchers (for the study) should be assigned to this timeslot. See Timeslots Linked to Specific Researchers for more information.

To ease data entry, the system will automatically fill in the date, time, and location based on the ending time of the last timeslot for this study. If applicable, your current timeslot usage will be listed, and you will be prevented from adding a timeslot that would exceed your timeslot usage time limit. A convenient calendar is provided next to the form, and you can click on any date and that date will be transferred to the form.

If you add a timeslot such that there is another timeslot (for any study) that occurs in the same time, at the same location, you will receive a warning (but the addition will be allowed), unless the location was chosen from the pulldown list of locations, in which case the addition will be blocked. If you add a timeslot that will take place outside of normal hours (for example, at 1:00 am), the system will provide a warning but will allow it to be scheduled. You may not schedule a timeslot to occur after the IRB expiration date for your study, if Strict IRB mode is enabled by the administrator. The system allows adding timeslots to a study that is not available to participants (not active or not approved), but it will give a warning because participants are not able to sign up for the timeslot.

If you are running a web-based (online study), you should create a single timeslot with the participation deadline equal to the last day you would like to run the study. For number of participants, specify the maximum number of participants who may participate. If you are running a web-based study and you plan to collect data from more than 999 participants (999 is the maximum allowed in one timeslot), then once that timeslot is close to filling up, create a second timeslot at a slightly different time and/or date as the first timeslot.

#### **Creating Multiple Timeslots**

If you would like to add multiple timeslots at once, choose the Add Multiple Timeslots link. You may choose to add a specified number of timeslots, or copy the timeslots from another week to a specified week. If you choose to copy, the system will copy the time, location, and number of participants for the specified week to the desired week, for each day of that week (starting with Monday).

If you choose to create a specified number of timeslots, you can choose the number of timeslots you would like to add, the start time and date, and the amount of time between each timeslot (to allow for breaks). You also may specify that timeslots that would occur outside normal business hours be shifted to the next business day, and specify when business hours occur. The system considers Monday-Friday to be business days.

On the subsequent page, you may change any of it to deal with special cases. Timeslots that you attempt to add, that either have errors or would result in exceeding the timeslot time usage limit, will not be added. This feature is not available for web-based (online) studies, as web-based studies rarely have more than one timeslot.

If you would do not want to add a specific timeslot that is listed, choose No in the Add This Timeslot? column.

Jse this page to add multiple timeslots .ocation conflict-checking is not enabled imeslots which are scheduled to occur Add a Single Timeslot	d. Add a single timeslot to take a	advantage of that feature, Timeslot: n date (November 5, 2015) will not	which will result in exceeding the times be added.	lot usage limit will not be added.
Timeslots Date	Start Time	Num. Participants	Location	Add This Timeslot?
Monday, August 17, 2015	9:00 AM	1	225 Psychology Building	● Yes <sup>©</sup> No
Monday, August 17, 2015	9:30 AM	1	225 Psychology Building	● Yes ◎ No
Monday, August 17, 2015	10:00 AM	1	225 Psychology Building	● Yes <sup>O</sup> No

Figure 10 - Creating Multiple Timeslots

### Modifying and Deleting Timeslots

To modify or delete a timeslot for a study, you must first choose the study that you would like to deal with. To view your studies, choose the My Studies link from the top toolbar. Choose the Timeslots option in the View column for the desired study. You will see a list of all recent timeslots. Recent timeslots in the past with no participants signed up will not be displayed. To work with timeslots more than a few days old and to see all timeslots, you will see a link to view all timeslots for the study. Select the timeslot you would like to deal with, and click the Modify button.

If the timeslot has no participants signed up for it, you will see a Delete button. You may not delete a timeslot that has participants signed up for it (you need to first cancel all existing signups for the timeslot). If you would like to delete the timeslot, click the Delete button, and you will see a confirmation page. Choose Delete again to delete the timeslot.

If you would like to modify the timeslot, modify the desired information and click the Update button just below the timeslot information. It should be noted that participants will *not* be notified (by email) of any changes you make to the timeslot, so you should contact them if information needs to be passed on to them (a link is provided on the same page to do so). If you change the date or time of the timeslot, you will be warned that this was changed in case the change was unintended. You may not update the size of the timeslot (number of participants) to a value lower than the current number of participants signed up for the timeslot. Generally, researchers only update timeslots with sign-ups to update the location, if it was not available when the timeslot was originally created.

If the study (or researcher) is subject to timeslot time usage restrictions, the system will enforce them and prevent you from making changes that would result in exceeding the timeslot usage limit, for example by increasing the number of participants.

#### Timeslot Change Tracking

The system automatically tracks certain changes that occur with a timeslot, including information about any time the timeslot's key information (date, time, etc.) is changed, as well as any time a manual sign-up or cancellation is performed (but not a sign-up or cancellation done by the participant). This information is tracked for the last 3 months of changes for each timeslot.

To view this information, choose the Timeslot Modification Log when viewing a timeslot, and you will see this information.

### **Deleting Multiple Timeslots**

If you would like to delete multiple timeslots at once, you may do that as well. Such a feature is only available for timeslots that have no participants signed up. To do so, select the desired study and choose Timeslots. At the top of the Timeslots page, you will see a Delete Multiple Timeslots option. The option may not appear in certain cases where such an option is not available because of a lack of available timeslots to delete.

After going to that page, you will see a list of timeslots eligible for deletion. Choose the timeslots you would like to delete, and choose Delete Selected Timeslots to proceed. If you would like to delete all empty timeslots, there is a Check All option at the bottom of this page that will automatically select all timeslots listed on the page for deletion. Click the Uncheck All button to revert the effect of choosing the Check All option.

The system routinely deletes all empty timeslots more than 3 months old to preserve database space.

### Manual Sign-Up

If enabled on your system, you may manually sign up participants for your study on their behalf. There are a number of situations where this is desirable. If the participant happens to show up for a timeslot they were not signed up for, and you elect to let them participate, you can sign them up on the spot for the timeslot. The participant in many cases cannot sign up on their own in this situation, because the sign-up deadline has passed. You may also sign up a participant for a study that has already occurred, if necessary.

Also, a manual sign-up overrides any restrictions you have placed on the study (e.g. pre-requisites), though you will be warned if you are overriding any restrictions. You may not sign up a participant for the same timeslot that they are already signed up for. You are allowed to sign them up for a study even if they are already signed up for a different timeslot for that same study, though you will receive a warning in this case. You may not sign up a participant for a study if it would cause them to exceed their maximum credit limit. If it is necessary to do so, please ask the administrator to do this, as they are allowed to do a manual sign-up even when it will exceed maximum credit earning limits.

You also may not sign up a participant whose account is Limited, if your study is not a research alternative study, as those participants are ineligible for your study (the administrator can still do this).
If the system is configured as such, the participant will receive a confirmation email when you sign them up for a study. In that case, you are also given the option to enter comments to be included in this email that may better explain to the participant why they were signed up. If you are signing up a participant for a timeslot more than one year old, a confirmation will *not* be sent despite the system configuration. This is to make it easier when transitioning from an existing system, as you may sign up old participants for the purposes of preventing them from signing up for the same study again in Sona. You may only sign up participants for your own study.

To sign up a participant for a timeslot, you must first find the desired study and timeslot. To view your studies, choose the My Studies option from the top toolbar. Click on Timeslots for the desired study, then select the timeslot you would like to deal with, and click the Modify button.

At the bottom of the page, you will see a Manual Sign-Up option, if it is enabled. Type in the participant's User ID (you may have to ask them for this) and click Sign Up. If enabled, you may also choose to sign up a participant using their unique ID code. You may also have the choice to enter their last name and choose from a list of participants. In all cases, after proceeding, you will see a confirmation page that also lists any restrictions on the study. Choose Sign Up to complete the sign-up.





If you are subject to timeslot time usage restrictions, the system will enforce them and prevent you from signing up a participant in the timeslot if that would result in exceeding your timeslot usage limit. If you are doing a manual sign-up for a two-part study, you must do a manual sign-up for each part separately. The system will overlook the scheduling range restrictions as well.

You cannot use the manual sign-up feature for online survey studies, because the sign-up for the study is integrated with the administration of the survey.

The manual sign-up feature will not appear for a researcher if the study requires approval by the administrator and it has not yet been approved. This is to ensure sign-ups cannot occur for a study that has not yet been approved, since research should not take place prior to approval.

## Manual Cancellation

You have the opportunity to cancel a participant's sign-up. You may only cancel sign-ups that are in a No Action Taken state. To cancel a sign-up, find the desired timeslot and participant, and click Cancel next to their name. The participant will be sent an email about the cancellation (and who performed it), along with a confirmation code, and their sign-up will be immediately cancelled. The administrator may also receive a copy of this cancellation email, depending on how the system is configured.

You may cancel all participants for the same timeslot at one time, when applicable. The option will appear below the list of signups, in cases where there are two or more participants signed up for the timeslot who are eligible for cancellation (No Action Taken state).

System Message: Are you sure you want to cancel this signup?		
Cancel Study Signu	q	
Study Name	Art Appreciation	
Date	December 24, 2014 10:30 AM - 11:00 AM	
Location	Student Lounge	
Would you li Message for participan	ke to cancel this signup?	

Figure 12 - Manual Cancellation

## Viewing the Participant List

To view the list of participants who have signed up for your study, you must first select the study and timeslot you wish to see. To view your studies, choose the My Studies option from the top toolbar. Click on the timeslots link in the View column for the desired study, then select the timeslot you would like to see, and click the Modify button.

The list of participants, along with their email addresses, will be listed. If ID codes are enabled, you will only see an ID code and no name or email address for each participant, and the list will be sorted by ID code.

Timeslot Information : Art Appreciation			@ Other	Timeslots for this Study	Timeslot Modification Lo	eg 🕒 Printer-Friendly Li
Date	Wednesday, December 24	4, 2014	Number of	Participants	7	
Start Time	10:30 AM Ø		Location	Stu	dent Lounge	•
End Time	30 minutes after start time				w Schedule de in below	
			Update			
All Sign-Ups Uncre	edited Sign-Ups					
	e participants who have signed up for thi d to cancel a sign-up, you can click the Ca					
	ranging from 0 to 2 Credits. The standar	d value in Credits for	this study is 1 Credits			
(4 Participants) 3 available Name	e spaces	Participated	No-Show	No Action Taken	Comments	
Gerry Brunswicker (	(gerryb@yourschool.edu) ★ Cancel	0 1 T	<ul> <li>Unexcused</li> <li>Excused</li> </ul>	۲		
Figure 13 - Mo	odifying a Timeslot / Pa	rticipant List	t			

Viewing Prescreen Responses

You are also allowed to view an individual participant's prescreen responses. You will see a Prescreen link next to each participant's name (or ID code) when you view the information for a timeslot. Click on that link to view the participant's prescreen responses.

If you would like to download the prescreen data for all participants in your study, choose the Download Prescreen Responses option after clicking on your study (in the Study Menu). That will allow you to download all the data at once, in CSV (comma-separated) format, for further analysis. The download will not contain data for participants marked as a no-show.

If you would like to analyze responses in aggregate (across all participants in the system), see Analyzing Prescreen Responses in this documentation.

#### Prescreen Responses: Martha Lee Hunt

#### Prescreen Information:

- Sections were displayed in the same order as below
- Prescreen is currently available for participants to participate in Participation in the prescreen is entired.
- Participation in the prescreen is optional
  Prescreen was started at September 16, 2014 7:58 PM
- Prescreen was finished at September 16, 2014 7:59 PM

# Response Summary Section 1 Listed below are questions for this section of the prescreen. Please provide a response for every question. If you are given the option to decline to answer a question, then declining to answer is considered a response. 1. Do you wear glasses? Multiple-choice question. Participants may decline to answer this question. Response: Yes 2. When writing, which hand do you prefer to use? Multiple-choice question. Participants may decline to answer this question. Response: Left hand 3. Please rate how you feel about the following statement: I have a better time in social settings if I drink alcohol. Multiple-choice question. The numeric values for choices were not displayed -- only the associated text. Participants may decline to answer this question. Response: I Strongly Disagree 1. Strongly Disagree

Figure 14 - Viewing Participant Prescreen Responses

#### Granting or Revoking Credit

At the completion of a session, you should promptly mark the attendance status of participants in the system, to ensure proper credit grants. The reason for the prompt handling of this situation is in the event your study is a pre-requisite for another study, and a few other situations. You do not want to hold up other studies that are waiting on your response to the study you just ran.

To grant or revoke credit for a timeslot, you must first find the desired study and timeslot. To view your studies, choose the My Studies option from the top toolbar. Click on the Timeslots link in the View column for the desired study, then select the timeslot you would like to see, and click the Modify button.

You will see a list of participants, identified either by name or ID code. If the participant properly participated in the study, click the radio button next to their name in the Participated column.

If the participant did not appear for the timeslot, you may choose to mark their no-show as excused or unexcused. After three no-shows, the administrator will be sent an email. If a participant continues to no-show they may lose privileges on the system. Generally, excused no-shows are granted for extenuating circumstances, like if the participant was involved in a car accident on their way to the appointment. An unexcused no-show is generally used when the participant did not show up and had no reasonable excuse. For most schools, the majority of no-shows are unexcused and are due to carelessness on the part of participants.

You will also see an option to grant a credit value that is different from the standard credit grant. This is useful when you want to grant a participant a lower credit value because they left the study early (if they deserve a lower credit grant), or a higher credit value if the study ran longer than expected. The default value that is selected is the study's standard credit value. You may also grant 0 credits. This is

useful if you do not want to grant credits to the participant, but you also want to prevent them from participating in the study again. If a participant is granted 0 credits, and the study is set to prevent duplicate sign-ups, then the participant will not be able to sign up for that study again.

If desired, enter any comments about the session in the Comments section (generally, this is used to indicate the reason for denying credit). Participants will see anything you enter in the Comments section for their sign-up, and these comments will be included in the email sent to participants when a credit grant/revocation occurs, if notification emails are enabled on your system.

Click on the Update Sign-Ups button at the bottom of the list of sign-ups to save your changes. Credit will be granted or a penalty assessed as necessary. The participant(s) will be emailed about this if the system is configured in such a manner.

It is not recommended to leave any sign-up for a timeslot that has occurred in the "No Action Taken" stage. This is a credit "limbo" and the system will warn you upon your next login that the timeslot has not been dealt with properly. Note that if Manual Cancellation is enabled and you would like to cancel a participant's sign-up, the sign-up must be in No Action Taken state.

If you need to do a simple credit grant or no-show across many timeslots, see the Uncredited Timeslots section which offers such a feature.

## **Batch Credit Granting**

In some cases, you may wish to automatically sign up and immediately credit a group of participants. This is often useful if you administered a study on an ad-hoc basis, and you want to credit participants after the fact.

To do so, go to the appropriate timeslot (you may want to create a timeslot specifically for this purpose), and click on Modify Timeslot. In the Manual Sign-Up section (if enabled), you will see a Batch Credit Grant link. Click that and you can provide the list of User IDs of users you would like to sign up and credit. Users will be signed up and credited immediately. This feature overrides any sign-up restrictions on the study, just as a normal manual sign-up does.

#### Batch Credit Grant

You may use this form to manually sign up and grant credit to a set of participants for this timeslot. You may only sign up 📵 participant(s), because there are currently only 3 available spaces for this timeslot. Participants who are already signed up for this timeslot will not be signed up again for the same timeslot.			
Credit Comments (optional)			
Participant List Type in a list of User IDs, separated by spaces (Example: jsmith jdoe bsmith)	jsmith bdog sgilmore		
	Go to Confirmation Page		

#### Figure 15 - Batch Credit Grant

The batch credit grant feature will not appear for a researcher if the study requires approval by the administrator and it has not yet been approved. This is to ensure sign-ups cannot occur for a study that has not yet been approved. You may provide a list of up to 50 participants, or as many participants as there are available spaces for the timeslot, whichever is less. Any participants listed past that limit will be ignored, but you can run the batch credit again with additional participants.

If you are signing up a participant for a timeslot more than one year old, a sign-up confirmation will *not* be sent despite the system configuration. This is to make it easier when transitioning from an existing system, as you may sign up past participants for the purposes of preventing them from signing up for the same study again in the system.

#### **Emailing Participants**

If you wish to contact participants in a particular timeslot for any reason, you may click on the Contact link that will appear next to each participant's name (or ID code) to contact an individual participant. To email the group of participants for a particular timeslot, click the Contact All Participants choice at the bottom of the Modify Timeslot page for that timeslot.

You will be taken to a page where you can fill out a message that the system will send to the selected participants. The message is auto-filled with some basic information about the study, so participants are aware of which study you are referring to. You may remove this information if desired. You may choose to receive a copy of the email that you send.

Depending on how your system is configured, participants may already be receiving a reminder about upcoming studies the day before they are scheduled to participate. Ask your administrator for more information.

#### Contact Participants: Art Appreciation

	at will be emailed to all participants participating in this timeslot. Emails will only be sent to participants who are allowed to login to the system. You may of the email by choosing the appropriate option below. Please be aware that the system automatically sends participants a reminder email the day before the
Message	ク へ B J U 🐽 工・文 🧿・※ 🖉 Size defaul 🔻 🖉 🐰 副 副 🗛
	You are scheduled to participate in the study 'Art Appreciation' on Wednesday, December 24, 2014 10:30 AM - 11:00 AM at Student Lounge. The researcher is Monica Horton.
end me a copy	0 Yes
	No
mailing Delay	Send now
	Send Message

#### Figure 16 - Contacting Participants

In some cases, you may find it useful to contact all participants for the study, across all timeslots. This feature may be particularly useful if you are sending debriefing information when a study has concluded. To do so, go to My Studies, click Study Info next to the desired study, and choose the Contact Participants option (in the Study Menu). You will then be able to select which group of participants to send to, and a message to send. Messages will be sent in batches of 3,000 at a time, to avoid overloading email servers. You cannot include attachments in the email, so if you have a document you would like to include, you should post it on another website and provide a link to the document in the email you send.

The From (sender) address on the email will be the administrator email address, which is done to prevent the email from being blocked by junk email filters. The "Reply To" address of the email will be that of the user who is actually sending the email, so when a user chooses to reply to the email, the reply will be sent to that (the reply to) address.

There is also the option to restrict the emails so they only go to participants who signed up for timeslots in a specified date range. The date range is based on the date of the timeslot, not when the participant signed up for, completed, or received credit for the study.

Finally, there is an option to specify a delay in sending the email, based on the number of hours from when the emailing option is used. This is useful if you want to target a certain time of day (e.g., during the evenings) when the email will be sent. The emails are generated at the time you use the emailing facility, but are stored on the email server queue until the specified sending time. These emails cannot be revoked once this emailing facility is used.

In most cases, summary information about the email you sent, and in particular to how many recipients it was sent to, will be logged and made available to the administrator. This is done to ensure

there is no abuse of the email facility in the system, in compliance with generally accepted Internet practices for sending emails.

Contact Participants : Art	Appreciation
	Il be emailed to participants participating in this study. Emails will only be sent to users who are allowed to login to the system. You will be able to send a time. You may choose to receive a copy of the email by choosing the appropriate option below.
	al to send emails to a large number of participants. In most cases, it is preferable to contact participants associated with a particular timeslot instead. Jesired timeslot and using the Contact feature there.
Recipients	All participants
	Participants who were granted credit
	Participants who were marked as a No-Show
	Participants who are marked as Awaiting Action
	Participants who are signed up in timeslots from
From	Wednesday, January 1, 2014 - Wednesday, December 31, 2014
Message	
	You have received this email because you are signed up for the study 'Art Appreciation' (either in the past or the future). The researcher is Monica Horton.
Send a copy to yourself?	Yes  No
Emailing Delay	Send now 🔻

Figure 17 - Contact Participants

## Viewing Uncredited Timeslots

When you login to the system, you will receive a warning if you have any timeslots that are more than two days old that haven't been dealt with. You may view a list of all timeslots that have not been dealt with by choosing the View Uncredited Timeslots option from the My Studies page. The default view will show in-person studies with timeslots in the past, as well as all uncredited timeslots for online studies. Timeslots for online studies, including those in the future, are always considered in need of a response. See the Web-Based (Online) Studies section of this documentation for more information.

If you would like to do a simple credit grant (standard credit grant, no comments) or no-show (of either type), you may do so directly from this page. Select the desired sign-ups/timeslots, and then choose the desired option.

If you need to do something more complex, like add comments, or perform a special credit grant with a non-standard credit amount, you can easily click on the timeslot's date and time, and go directly to that timeslot.

In cases where a study has timeslots linked to specific researchers, you will see the warning only for timeslots that are specifically linked to you, or to everyone in the study (i.e., not timeslots linked to someone else in the study). However, when you view uncredited timeslots, you will see all uncredited timeslots for your studies, even if someone else is linked to one of the timeslots for your study. This is done to make it easier to give your fellow researchers (for your studies) assistance in dealing with uncredited timeslots.

ou may click on the study nam o Credits value variations, no	ne to view more infor special comments), y	es. The list includes all uncredited timeslots in the past, along that a bout the study, or click on the date to go to that speciou may do so below by checking the appropriate checkbox ne to date to go directly to the timeslot.	ific timeslot. If you would like t	o do a simple credit grant or no-show
you would like to sort the list	below by study name	or date, click on the word Study or Date below.		
ast And Online All				
				Sort by: Study Name Timeslot Date
Study	Researcher	Date	Participant	Grant Credit?
Pronunciation of Words	ALL	May 15, 2014 10:00 AM - 10:30 AM	Amanda Abshire	No Action Taken     Grant Credit     Unexcused No-Show     Excused No-Show
Pronunciation of Words	ALL	May 15, 2014 10:00 AM - 10:30 AM	Richard Fish	<ul> <li>No Action Taken</li> <li>Grant Credit</li> <li>Unexcused No-Show</li> <li>Excused No-Show</li> </ul>
Pronunciation of Words	ALL	May 15, 2014 10:00 AM - 10:30 AM	Carrie Klemens	<ul> <li>No Action Taken</li> <li>Grant Credit</li> <li>Unexcused No-Show</li> <li>Excused No-Show</li> </ul>
Sunlight and Vitamin D	ALL	Online study ending December 31, 2014 9:00 AM	Martha Lee Hunt	<ul> <li>No Action Taken</li> <li>Grant Credit</li> <li>Unexcused No-Show</li> <li>Excused No-Show</li> </ul>
Total number of uncredited ti	imeslots: 🕢			Mark all 'Grant Credit'

Grant Credits Res

#### Figure 18 - Uncredited Timeslots

## **Analyzing Prescreen Responses**

You also have the opportunity to analyze prescreen responses in aggregate or as raw data. Choose the Prescreen Results option from the top menu bar. You can then select which question you would like to analyze, and whether you would like to see summary data or raw data (in CSV format) for the selected question. The raw data will identify each participant only by a unique ID code, not by their name, for privacy reasons. If for some reason you need the participants' real names, ask the Administrator to run the same analysis, as they can also pull the real names with their report. This gives you access to all prescreen data across all participants in the system.

If you would like to analyze the prescreen data for just those who participated in your study, select the Download Prescreen Responses after clicking on your study. See Viewing Prescreen Responses in this documentation for further information.

Prescreen Response Analysis		
Do you wear glasses?		
Multiple-choice question (only one answer can be chosen) Total Responses: 3 (number does not include those who declined to answer the question)		
Response Summary		
Response	Num.Respondents	
Yes	3 (100%)	

Figure 19 - Prescreen Response Analysis

## Prescreen Qualification Analysis

If you would like to get an idea of how many participants meet a set of requirements (for help in setting prescreen restrictions on your study), use the Prescreen Qualification Analysis link from the Prescreen Responses page. Using this feature, you can select multiple questions (only questions that qualify for study participation restrictions are listed), and then the desired responses for those questions, and you will see how many participants meet that criteria.

If enabled, you may also contact participants and invite them to participate in any of your studies. See the Invite Qualified Participants to a Study section in this documentation for more information on how this works. The functionality is the same as the functionality described in that section, though a few options may be unavailable when not inviting directly from a study, because those options do not apply. Be sure to include information about how to sign up for the study in your communication to them, as a direct link to the study is not provided in the email.

## **Online External Studies**

Online external studies are online studies which are not hosted within the system, but instead reside on some other website. This is different from online survey studies (detailed later in this documentation), where an online survey is set up directly in the system and no other website is involved.

For online external studies, you may want to develop some method of linking the participant's sign-up in the system to your online study, so you know who to grant credit to. One way to do this is to ask the participant's name (or some other identifying information) that will make it easy to locate their sign-up within the system and grant them credit once they have completed your online study. Another method of tracking, which reduces the chance of human error, is to use the Survey Code feature described later in this section. The most automated approach is to use the External Study Credit Granting feature, where the participant receives credit automatically as soon as they finish the study. Note that if External Study Credit Granting is not used, the system will *not* automatically grant credit once the participant has finished the study, and the reason is that the system does not know when something occurred on a website outside the system. In this case, researchers should routinely login and grant credit as necessary.

## External Study Credit Granting

With External Study Credit Granting, a participant can receive credit as soon as they finish the online external study. This is accomplished by having the external study notify the system that the participant has completed the study and thus deserves credit.

#### **External Study Credit Granting with Qualtrics**

Here are the basic steps, which are subject to change (since the product is controlled by Qualtrics):

- In the system, change the Study URL so it includes &id=%SURVEY\_CODE% in the URL. So if the Qualtrics URL (Anonymous Survey Link) is https://yourschool.gualtrics.com/SE/?SID=SV\_b9ZD41hMZaqE then change it to https://yourschool.gualtrics.com/SE/?SID=SV\_b9ZD41hMZaqE&id=%SUR VEY\_CODE%
- 2. Having completed Step 1, the Study Information on your Sona Systems site now displays a URL labeled "Qualtrics Redirect to a URL". In Qualtrics, configure the survey to accept the survey code number, as an embedded data field named "id". Remember to use lower-case as this is case-sensitive. To do this, go to Survey Flow | Add a New Element | Embedded Data and type in "id" and save your changes.
- 3. In Qualtrics, configure the Survey Options | Survey Termination | Redirect to a URL option, and provide the Qualtrics Redirect to a URL value from your Sona Systems site. (You may simply copy and paste the unaltered value from Sona into Qualtrics).

Note: If you have an End of Survey element set up in Survey Flow, you will need to add the URL there also. Go to Survey Flow | End of Survey | Customize and enter the Qualtrics Redirect URL value from the system into the Redirect to a URL field in Qualtrics.

These features are described on Qualtrics' site at the following URL:

• <u>http://www.qualtrics.com/university/researchsuite/developer-tools/api-integration/passing-information-through-query-strings/</u> ("Passing Information Through Query Strings")

The Qualtrics Redirect to a URL provided by the system should be sufficient to paste directly into Qualtrics. If you prefer to derive the URL from the Client-Side Completion URL, then you simply need to change the &c=XXXX at the end of Client-Side Completion URL to  $\{e://Field/id\}$ 

#### **Client-Side Completion URL Responses**

For help in testing, listed below are the possible messages that the participant will see when they are redirected to the client-side completion URL. Note that if the system has a language enabled other

than English, then the message will be displayed in the participant's preferred language, instead of English (unless their language preference is English of course).

Status Message	Explanation
Web study credit successfully granted.	The credit was granted successfully.
No credit given, because you are not a participant, and therefore cannot sign up for this study.	A non-participant account (e.g., the researcher) accessed the URL, but the URL was accessed correctly. Usually this happens when a non-participant clicks on the Sample Link with Embedded ID Code link from the study.
	This message will occur when testing the credit granting setup, and it's a sign that everything is set up correctly.
Invalid experiment_id or credit_token.	The experiment_id or credit_token in the completion URL was invalid. As this does not change for each participant, this is most likely to occur if the completion URL was somehow incomplete or truncated.
Invalid survey_code.	The survey_code was not specified at all, or was blank. This may indicate the external study is not properly placing the survey_code in the completion URL.
Invalid survey_code. ## [some number]	The survey_code was provided, but is not valid for this study.
You have already received credit for this study. / You have already participated in this study.	The participant has already participated in this study and received credit/been marked as participated.
You are not eligible to participate in this study.	The participant has already signed up for this study, but has been marked as a no-show, and has no other signups for this study which are in Awaiting Action state.
Web study credit grant error. ## [some number]	Some other generic error. Please contact Technical Support for more information.

## **Security Considerations**

There is one potential risk with using the client-side completion URL. Because the URL is typically accessed directly by the participant (their browser is redirected to it), then they have access to view

the parameters in the URL. The completion URL contains a key specific to your study, as well as an ID (the survey code number) to indicate which participant should be granted credit.

The risk is that a participant could use this URL and start trying other ID (survey code numbers) to grant other participants credit. In order for this scheme to work, *all* of the following must be true:

- They must be able to guess an ID number used by another participant. The ID numbers are not necessarily sequential.
- The other participant must be signed up for this study.
- The other participant must not already have received credit for this study (i.e. they are in Awaiting Action state).

It's fairly unlikely that all three situations will occur, and it's also a lot of work for a participant to guess all possible ID numbers, though this can be automated. If this is a concern, the best option is to use the server-side completion URL, since that is a communication from server to server, and so participants will not see the communication. The drawback is that most commercial survey products do not support use of the server-side completion URL, so additional programming would be required.

# Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)

*I* want to set up a study so that participants can choose to receive credit or payment. How do I set this up?

Set it up as a study for credit, and note in the study description that participants may opt to receive payment instead, and they should notify the researcher of this when they come to their appointment. If the participant at that time chooses to receive monetary compensation, the researcher should grant credit, but mark the credit as 0 credits (Variable Credit Granting must be enabled in System Settings by the administrator), and then note in the comments for the timeslot that payment was received.

The monetary compensation a participant receives for a study depends on decisions they make during the study. How do I indicate this?

You may type any value into the payment field when setting up the study, so you could type in a range of compensation values.

*I want a participant to participate in an upcoming session, but the system says it is too late for them to sign up. What do I do?* 

If enabled, you can perform a manual sign-up. See the Manual Sign-Up section of this documentation. If not enabled, your administrator can still perform a manual sign-up.

Where are email notifications to me sent?

Email notifications (e.g. sign-up notices) are sent to either an address derived from your user ID or your alternate email address. See the Email Address Options section of this documentation for more information.

#### How do I deal with dyads?

A dyad is a study which requires a pair of people to participate, but often the second participant is not a "real" participant, but rather a colleague of the researcher who is "colluding" with the researcher as part of the study itself.

You do not need to deal with dyads in the system itself. Participants cannot see how many people have signed up for a timeslot, nor how many spaces are available for a timeslot. So, your "fake" participant can just act like a real participant and the real participant will be unaware of this.

#### I have finished running my study. What should I do?

So it does not clutter the list of studies for participants, you should make the study Inactive or delete it. See the Updating a Study section of this documentation for more information.

#### Who has access to my studies?

All users can see the information about your studies and the available timeslots. Administrators, the principal investigator (if applicable) and the researchers for the study are the only people who can see who has signed up, and modify the study.

# **Regulatory Compliance Guidelines**

## Introduction

This software complies with all major regulations governing human subject research and privacy of data stored online. The system complies with both HIPAA and Common Rule for customers in the United States. For customers in Canada, it complies with the Personal Information Protection and Electronic Documents Act as well as the Tri-Council Statement. For customers in the European Union or in countries that follow OECD rules, it complies with OECD privacy rules and the European Union Directive of Data Protection. Your organization may or may not need to comply with the relevant regulations. Your research administrator can advise you on this situation.

Even if you are not required to comply, compliance is still a good idea, as protecting sensitive data is always a good thing. Compliance in the context of this system is as simple as reading the remaining paragraphs of this section (that apply to your organization) and following the guidelines contained therein. The remaining compliance issues involving software, privacy and electronic data storage are all handled automatically by the software. You should still consult with your IRB or organization to learn about additional compliance rules you must follow outside of use of this software (the handling of the data you collect during your study would be one example). Some regulations (particularly the US HIPAA regulations) are focused primarily on health data. You may think the system does not store confidential health data (in HIPAA terms, it is called PHI -- Protected Health Information), but depending on how your organization uses the software, there may very well be confidential data in the system. Consider the case of a study that requires that a participant come from a family that has a history of mental illness. Merely knowing who signed up for that study can be considered confidential because that type of information should not be revealed to the public. It may turn out that your studies are not of such a nature, but even more benign situations, like a study that requires that participants be regular contact lens wearers, can be construed as confidential information. Organizations typically err on the side of caution given the criminal and civil penalties for violation of these types of regulations.

## Data Handling and Security Guidelines

In your role, you have access to your studies and you can see who has signed up for those studies. You may also have access to prescreen responses. Because of these privileges, you should follow these simple guidelines:

- <u>Secure Your Account</u>. Use a password that is difficult to guess. The most secure passwords contain a combination of letters and numbers, do not spell a real word, and are at least 8 characters long. Your university IT department can provide you with assistance on choosing a secure password.
- <u>Secure Your Work Area</u>. If you are logged into the system and you leave your computer, you should logout of the system or use a password lock on your computer. Ask your network administrator for help with setting up a password lock.
- <u>Handle Paper Documents Carefully</u>. Any printouts from the system should be kept reasonably secure. Store them in a locking desk drawer out of the public view. Documents you decide to discard should be shredded if possible.